



Cambridge IGCSE™

PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/21

Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended)

October/November 2023

45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

INSTRUCTIONS

- There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.
- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do **not** use correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.

This document has **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

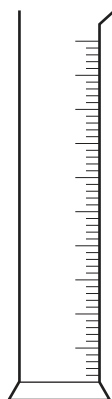
- 1 The relative molecular mass of carbon dioxide is 44.

The relative molecular mass of oxygen is 32.

Which statement about the rate of diffusion of these gases at the same temperature is correct?

- A Carbon dioxide diffuses faster because its particles move faster.
- B Carbon dioxide diffuses faster because its particles move slower.
- C Oxygen diffuses faster because its particles move faster.
- D Oxygen diffuses faster because its particles move slower.

- 2 The diagram shows a piece of apparatus.



What is measured using this apparatus?

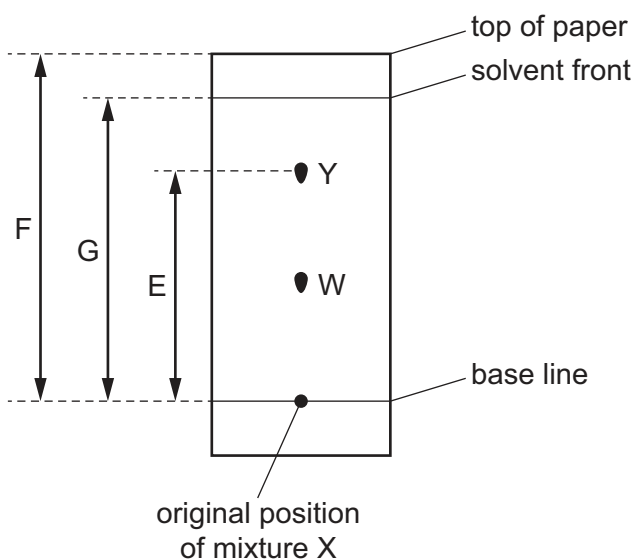
- A mass
- B temperature
- C time
- D volume

- 3 Mixture X is separated into its components W and Y by chromatography.

E is the distance between the base line and Y.

F is the distance between the base line and the top of the paper.

G is the distance between the base line and the solvent front.



Which equation is used to calculate the R_f value of Y?

- A** $E \div F$ **B** $E \div G$ **C** $F \div E$ **D** $G \div E$

- 4 An isotope of sodium is represented as ${}^{23}_{11}\text{Na}$.

Which row represents a different isotope of sodium?

	electrons	neutrons	protons
A	11	13	11
B	12	12	12
C	13	12	13
D	23	12	23

- 5 The numbers of protons, neutrons and electrons in particles W, X, Y and Z are shown.

particle	number of protons	number of neutrons	number of electrons
W	17	18	17
X	17	20	17
Y	17	20	18
Z	20	20	20

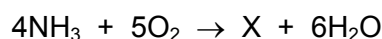
Which particles have the same chemical properties?

- A** W, X and Y **B** W and X only **C** X, Y and Z **D** X and Y only
- 6 Three statements about diamond and graphite are listed.
- 1 They are different solid forms of the same element.
 - 2 They each conduct electricity.
 - 3 They have atoms that form four equally strong bonds.

Which statements are correct?

- A** 1 and 3 **B** 1 only **C** 2 and 3 **D** 3 only
- 7 Ammonia reacts with oxygen to produce substance X and water.

An incomplete equation is shown.



What is the formula of X?

- A** N_2 **B** NO **C** NO_2 **D** N_2O
- 8 The formulae of three substances are shown.

- 1 NO_2
- 2 $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$
- 3 C_3H_8

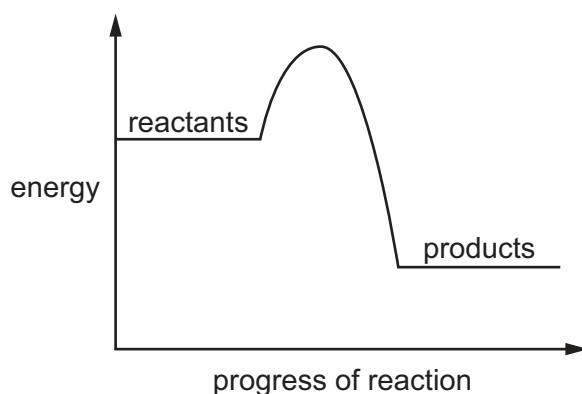
Which substances have a relative molecular mass of 46?

- A** 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 1 only **D** 2 only

9 Which row describes what happens to the ions at each electrode during electrolysis?

	anode	cathode
A	gain of electrons	loss of electrons
B	gain of electrons	gain of electrons
C	loss of electrons	loss of electrons
D	loss of electrons	gain of electrons

10 The energy level diagram for a reaction is shown.



Which statements about the energy level diagram are correct?

- 1 It shows that the overall reaction is exothermic.
- 2 It shows that, in the reaction, more bonds are broken than formed.
- 3 It shows the activation energy is greater than the energy change.

A 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 1 only **D** 2 and 3 only

11 The rate of reaction between marble chips and hydrochloric acid is investigated.

The equation is shown.

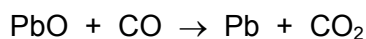


Which conditions give the fastest rate of production of carbon dioxide gas?

	concentration of hydrochloric acid	size of marble chips	hydrochloric acid temperature / °C
A	high	small	30
B	high	medium	25
C	low	large	30
D	low	small	20

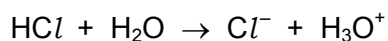
- 12** Lead is extracted from its ore using carbon monoxide.

The equation is shown.



Which statement explains what happens to the lead atoms and carbon atoms in the reactants?

- A** Lead and carbon are oxidised.
 - B** Lead and carbon are reduced.
 - C** Lead is oxidised and carbon is reduced.
 - D** Lead is reduced and carbon is oxidised.
- 13** Hydrogen chloride reacts with water as shown.



Which statement about this reaction is correct?

- A** Hydrogen chloride is acting as an acid because it accepts a proton.
 - B** Hydrogen chloride is acting as a base because it accepts a proton.
 - C** Water is acting as an acid because it accepts a proton.
 - D** Water is acting as a base because it accepts a proton.
- 14** Zinc oxide reacts with both dilute nitric acid and aqueous sodium hydroxide.

Which type of oxide is zinc oxide?

- A** acidic
- B** amphoteric
- C** basic
- D** neutral

15 Elements in the Periodic Table are arranged in groups.

Which statements about the groups are correct?

- 1 The group number of an element is equal to the number of occupied electron shells in an atom of the element.
- 2 The group number of an element is equal to the number of outer shell electrons in an atom of the element.
- 3 An element in Group II will show greater metallic character than an element in Group VI.
- 4 Atoms of an element in Group VII will lose electrons more readily than atoms of an element in Group I.

A 1 and 3 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 2 and 4

16 Chloride ions are identified using aqueous silver nitrate.

Before aqueous silver nitrate is added, the pH of the mixture must be below 7.

Which substance is added to aqueous silver nitrate before testing for chloride ions?

- A** aqueous ammonia
- B** aqueous sodium hydroxide
- C** dilute hydrochloric acid
- D** dilute nitric acid

17 Gas X is a carbon-containing greenhouse gas which has no effect on limewater.

Which statement about gas X is correct?

- A** It is a gas formed during respiration.
- B** It is the main constituent of clean air.
- C** It is the main constituent of natural gas.
- D** It relights a glowing splint.

18 What are the products of the complete combustion of methane?

- A** carbon monoxide and hydrogen
- B** carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and water
- C** carbon dioxide and water only
- D** carbon monoxide and water only

19 The formula of but-2-ene is $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{CHCH}_3$.

But-2-ene is reacted separately with steam and with bromine.

Which row identifies the structures of the products of these reactions?

	with steam	with bromine
A	<pre> H H H H H - C - C - C - C - H H H OH H </pre>	<pre> H H H H H - C - C - C - C - H H H Br H </pre>
B	<pre> H H H H H - C - C - C - C - H H H OH H </pre>	<pre> H H H H H - C - C - C - C - H H Br Br H </pre>
C	<pre> H H H H H - C - C - C - C - H H H H OH </pre>	<pre> H H H H H - C - C - C - C - H H H Br H </pre>
D	<pre> H H H H H - C - C - C - C - H H H H OH </pre>	<pre> H H H H H - C - C - C - C - H H Br Br H </pre>

20 Liquid X has the properties shown.

- It is colourless.
- It is flammable.
- It can be made by the reaction of ethene with steam.
- The complete combustion of X produces carbon dioxide and water.

What is X?

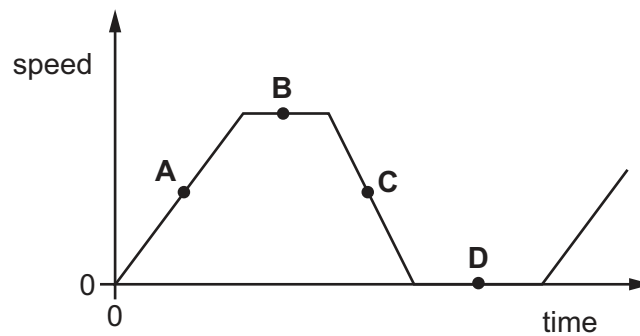
- A** ethanol
- B** methane
- C** petrol
- D** poly(ethene)

21 Which quantity is measured using a micrometer screw gauge?

- A the diameter of a thin wire
- B the mass of an atom
- C the small current in a circuit
- D the wavelength of a light wave

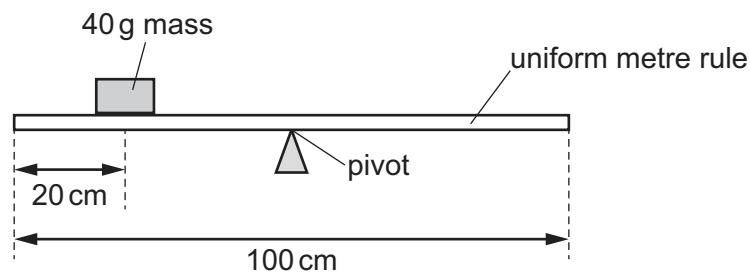
22 The diagram shows a speed–time graph for a bus.

At which labelled point is the bus moving with constant speed?



23 A pivot is placed under the 50 cm mark of a uniform metre rule.

A 40 g mass is placed at the 20 cm mark.



A 50 g mass is placed on the rule to balance it.

Where is the 50 g mass placed?

- A at the 16 cm mark on the rule
- B at the 24 cm mark on the rule
- C at the 66 cm mark on the rule
- D at the 74 cm mark on the rule

- 24** A solid cube of mass 50 kg rests on a horizontal surface.

The length of each side of the cube is 50 cm.

The gravitational field strength is 10 N/kg.

What is the pressure on the horizontal surface due to the cube?

- A** 200 Pa **B** 400 Pa **C** 2000 Pa **D** 4000 Pa

- 25** A student wishes to calculate his useful power output as he runs up some stairs.

He measures the time he takes to run up the stairs.

He can determine his power output if he knows only **one** other quantity.

Which quantity does he need to know?

- A** his final velocity
B his increase in potential energy
C his mass
D his weight

- 26** Which energy source is a store of gravitational potential energy?

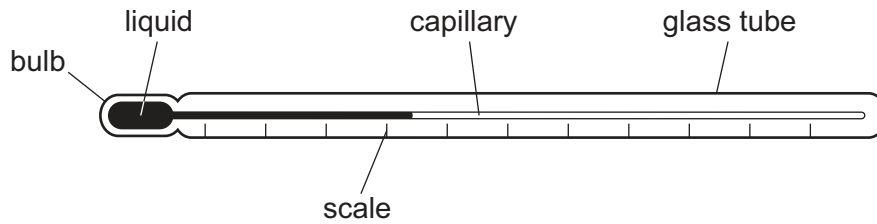
- A** coal
B geothermal
C hydroelectric
D nuclear

- 27** A solid, a liquid and a gas all have the same volume. They are all heated through the same temperature increase and they all expand.

Which state of matter expands the least and which state of matter expands the most?

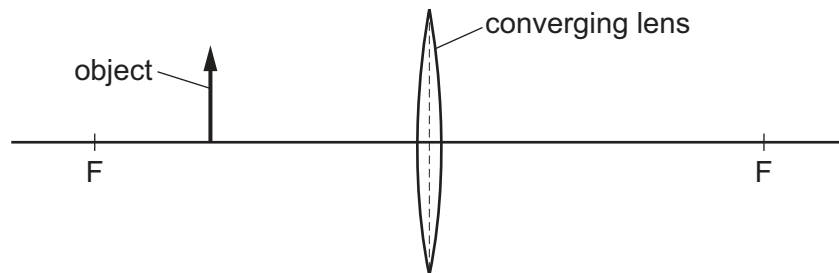
	expands the least	expands the most
A	gas	solid
B	liquid	gas
C	solid	gas
D	solid	liquid

28 The diagram shows a liquid-in-glass thermometer.



Which single change to the design of the thermometer increases the sensitivity?

- A decreasing the diameter of the capillary
 - B decreasing the mass of the liquid in the bulb
 - C increasing the length of the glass tube
 - D increasing the number of divisions on the scale
- 29 How is heat transferred through a vacuum?
- A by conduction only
 - B by convection only
 - C by radiation only
 - D by conduction and radiation
- 30 The diagram shows an object in front of a converging lens. Each of the two points marked F is a principal focus (focal point) of the lens.



How is the image described?

	size of image	nature of image
A	diminished	real
B	diminished	virtual
C	enlarged	real
D	enlarged	virtual

- 31 Light from the Sun takes 8.3 minutes to reach the Earth through the vacuum of space.

What is the distance between the Sun and the Earth?

- A** $6.0 \times 10^5 \text{ m}$ **B** $3.6 \times 10^7 \text{ m}$ **C** $2.5 \times 10^9 \text{ m}$ **D** $1.5 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}$

- 32 What is the nature of a sound wave and in which direction do the particles vibrate in this type of wave?

	nature of sound wave	direction of vibration of particles
A	longitudinal	particles vibrate at right angles to the direction of the wave
B	longitudinal	particles vibrate parallel to the direction of the wave
C	transverse	particles vibrate at right angles to the direction of the wave
D	transverse	particles vibrate parallel to the direction of the wave

- 33 A vibrating object produces waves of different frequencies in air.

Which frequency is that of a sound wave that a human with normal hearing can hear?

- A** 2.5 Hz **B** 1000 Hz **C** 25 000 Hz **D** 100 000 Hz

- 34 Which metal is used to make the core of an electromagnet and what is a property of an electromagnet?

	metal used for core	property of electromagnet
A	soft iron	it can be switched on and off
B	soft iron	it is a permanent magnet
C	steel	it can be switched on and off
D	steel	it is a permanent magnet

- 35 In 2.0 hours, a charge of 5000 C flows at a constant rate past a point in a circuit.

What is the current in the circuit?

- A** 0.69 A **B** 42 A **C** 2500 A **D** 10 000 A

- 36** A lamp is in a circuit that is protected by a 1 A fuse. The lamp is switched on and it lights normally.

The 1 A fuse is now replaced with a 5 A fuse.

What happens when the lamp is switched on?

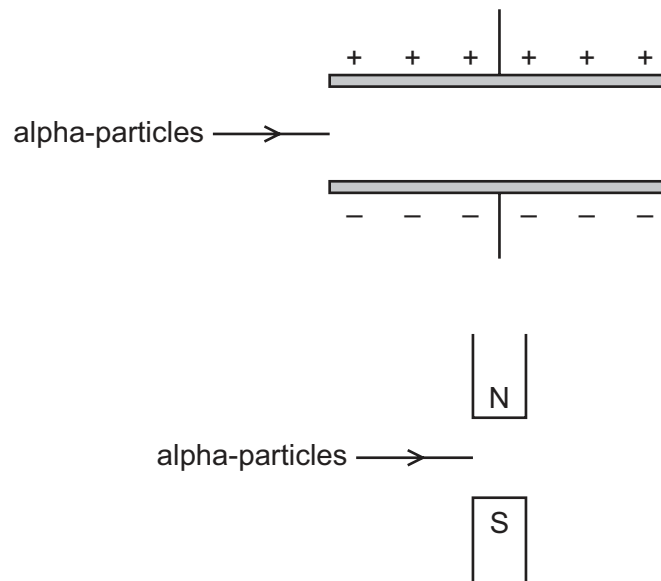
- A** The lamp lights normally.
 - B** The fuse blows so the lamp does not light.
 - C** The lamp lights less brightly.
 - D** The lamp lights more brightly.
- 37** What is the purpose of the split-ring commutator in a d.c. motor?
- A** to prevent the current in the coil from becoming too large
 - B** to reverse the current in the coil every half-turn
 - C** to reverse the poles of the magnet every turn
 - D** to step up the potential difference across the coil
- 38** One isotope of iodine can be written as $^{131}_{53}\text{I}$.

Which row describes a different isotope of iodine?

	atomic number	mass number
A	52	131
B	52	132
C	53	131
D	53	132

39 The first diagram shows a beam of alpha-particles entering an electric field.

The second diagram shows a beam of alpha-particles entering a magnetic field.



In which direction is the beam deflected in each of the fields?

	electric field	magnetic field
A	towards the negative plate	into the page
B	towards the negative plate	out of the page
C	towards the positive plate	into the page
D	towards the positive plate	out of the page

40 The background count recorded by a detector in a laboratory is 40 counts per minute.

When a radioactive source is brought close to the detector, the count rate becomes 840 counts per minute.

The half-life of the source is 3.0 minutes.

What is the count rate recorded by the detector 9.0 minutes later?

- A** 40 counts / minute
- B** 100 counts / minute
- C** 105 counts / minute
- D** 140 counts / minute

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The Periodic Table of Elements

Group																				
I	II											III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII			
												1 H hydrogen 1							2 He helium 4	